# 中学英语专业知识模拟卷 (三)

# 第一部分 选择题

# (本大题分为三个部分:单项选择、完形填空和阅读理解)

# 一、单项选择题

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出一	个可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡的相应位
置上涂黑。	
1. Four and half hours of discuss	ion took us up to midnight, and break for cheese,
chocolate and tea with sugar.	
A. a; a	B. the; the
C. /; the	D. a,
2. I did not choose any of the three offerin	ngs, because I found satisfactory.
A. neither of them	B. none of it
C. either of them	D. none of them
3. It's said that the power plant is now	large as what it was.
A. twice as	B. as twice
C. twice much	D. much twice
4. I was sent to the village last month to s	e how the development plan in the past two years.
A. had been carried out	B would be carried out
C. is being carried out	D. has been carried out
5. —You know what? I've got a New Yea	r concert ticket.
—Oh, You're kidding	
A. so what?	B. go ahead
C. come on	D. what for?
6. At times he has to stay up late for the h	omework, he doesn't like.
A. and which	B. as
C. this	D. which
7 a strange plant! I've never seen	it before.
A. Which	B. What
C. How	D. Whether
8. The that there is life on other	planets in the universe has always inspired scientists to
explore the outer space.	

A. advice B. order

C. possibility	D. invitation
9. I had a strong desire to reach in	and play with the toy, but thankfully by the shop window.
A. am held back	B. held back
C. hold back	D. was held back
10. A panda's primary activity is sl	eep, its waking hours looking for food.
A. that it spends	B. for spending
C. and it spends	D. will spend
11. Developing the Yangtze River	Economic Belt is a systematic project which a clear road
nap and timetable.	
A. calls for	B. calls on
C. calls off	D. calls up
12. The patient was still in danger,	because after the transplant, his body the new heart.
A. rejected	B. reserved
C. released	D. refreshed
13. The old castle requires	after by the storm.
A. to be restored; hit	B. being restored; being hit
C. restoring; being hit	D. having been restored; hit
14 the characters leave un	said is often more important than what they put into words.
A. That	B. when
C. What	D. How
15. Which of the following features	s is NOT one of the design features of language?
A. Symbolic	B. Duality
C. Productivity	D. Arbitrary
16. What country is known as the I	and of Maple Leaf?
A. United States of America	
B. United Kingdom of Great Britai	n and Northern Ireland
C. New Zealand	
D. Canada	
17. James Joyce is the author of all	the following novels EXCEPT
A. Dubliners	B. A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man
C. Jude the Obscure	D. Ulysses
18. 下列属于《普通高中英语课程	呈标准》中要求的综合行为表现七级目标的是。
A. 进一步增强英语学习动机,有	<b>「</b> 较强的自主学习意识
B. 有明确和持续的学习动机和自	
C. 有较强的自信心和自主学习能	
D. 能独立、自主地规划并实施学	ジオ仕务



19. 如果教师把语言看做一种技能、一种习惯,想通过大量机械模仿的练习让学生掌握语言,那么他在外语课堂中很可能会采用 \_\_\_\_\_\_进行教学。
A. 语法—翻译法 B. 听说法
C. 认知法 D. 交际法

20. Which of the following questions exemplifies the consideration for information output in designing a speaking activity?

A. Can students make full use of the newly learned language items in their activities?

B. What roles are students expected to play and how should they play them?

C. Is the situation created closely related to students' real life?

D. What is the purpose of the activity? Is there a result, a solution and an answer requested at the end of the activity?

#### 二、完型填空

阅读下面的短文,从每小题所给出的四个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡的相应位置上涂黑。

At my heaviest I weighed 370 pounds. I had a very poor relationship with food: I used it to \_\_\_\_21\_\_\_ bad feelings, to make myself feel better, and to celebrate. Worried about my health, I tried many different kinds of \_\_\_22\_\_\_ but nothing worked. I came to believe that I could do nothing about my \_\_\_23\_\_\_.

When I was 0, my weight problem began to affect me \_\_\_24\_\_\_. I didn't want to live the rest of my life with this \_\_\_25\_\_\_ weight any more.

That year, I\_\_\_26\_\_\_ a seminar where we were asked to create a project that would touch the world. A seminar leader shared her \_\_\_27\_\_\_ story —she had not only 125 pounds, but also raised \$25,000 for homeless children. \_\_\_28\_\_\_ by her story, I created the As We Heal, the World Heals \_\_\_29\_\_\_. My goal was to lose 150 pounds in one year and raise \$50,000\_\_\_30\_\_\_ a movement founded 30 years ago to end hunger. This combination of healing myself and healing the world \_\_\_31\_\_\_ me as the perfect solution. \_\_\_32\_\_\_I began my own personal weight program, I was filled with the fear that I would \_\_\_33\_\_\_ the same difficulties that beat me before. While the \_\_\_34\_\_\_ hung over my head, there were also signs that I was headed down the right \_\_\_35\_\_\_. I sent letters to everyone I knew, telling them about my project. It worked perfectly. Donations began \_\_\_36\_\_\_in from hundreds of people.

Of course, I also took some practical steps to lose weight. I consulted with a physician, I hired a fitness coach, and I began to eat small and \_\_\_\_37\_\_\_ meals. My fund-raising focus also gave me new motivation to exercise \_\_\_\_38\_\_\_.

A year later, I \_\_\_\_39\_\_\_ my goal: I lost 150 pounds and raised \$50,000! I feel that I've been given a second life to devote to something that is \_\_\_\_40\_\_\_ and enormous.

21. A. add	B. mix	C. kill	D. share
22. A. diets	B. drinks	C. fruits	D. dishes
			专业国际时 同时正计旧



### 教师事业部

23. A. height	B. ability	C. wisdom	D. weight
24. A. temporarily	B. recently	C. seriously	D. secretly
25. A. ideal	B. extra	C. normal	D. low
26. A. attended	B. organized	C. recommended	D. mentioned
27. A. folk	B. success	C. adventure	D. science
28. A. Surprised	B. Amused	C. Influenced	D. Disturbed
29. A. project	B. business	C. system	D. custom
30. A. in search of	B. in need of	C. in place of	D. in support of
31. A. scared	B. considered	C. confused	D. struck
32. A. As	B. Until	C. If	D. Unless
33. A. get over	B. run into	C. look for	D. put aside
34. A. excitement	B. joy	C. anger	D. fear
35. A. row	B. hall	C. path	D. street
36. A. breaking	B. flooding	C. jumping	D. stepping
37. A. heavy	B. full	C. expense	D. healthy
38. A. regularly	B. limitlessly	C. suddenly	D. randomly
39. A. set	B. reached	Comissed	D. dropped
40. A. stressful	B. painful	C. meaningful	D. peaceful
、阅读理解			

### 三、阅读理解

阅读下面的短文,从每小题所给出的四个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡的相应位 置上涂黑。

For hundreds of years, the criminal law has been built around the idea that wrongdoers must be punished for their crimes. The most basic argument for punishment is that it preserves law and order and respects for authority. From this point of view, punishment does two things. It upholds the law, and it prevents others from thinking they can get away with doing the same thing without punishment. Punishment is based on the idea that many people have a barely controlled desire to act in forbidden ways.

One of the best ways to reduce crime is to reform or rehabilitate habitual criminals. The main problem is not the first offender or the petty thief but the repeated offender who commits increasingly serious crimes. According to criminologists, crime would decrease greatly if all such offenders could be turned away from wrongdoing. But U.S. prisons have had little success in rehabilitating inmates. About two-thirds of the people arrested in any year have a previous criminal record.

Rehabilitation of criminals could probably be improved greatly if experts could provide the right kind of program for different types of offenders. Criminals vary widely in the kinds of crimes they commit, their emotional problems, and their social and economic backgrounds. Not all offenders can be

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helped by the same treatment. Many require the aid of physicians, psychiatrists, or psychologists. Others respond well to educational or vocational training. In the early 1990s, there were about 1, 300, 000 criminals in U.S. city, county, state, and federal correctional institutions, and about 500, 000 more were out on parole. Society spent more than \$15 billion to operate prisons and related institutions yearly, but only a small part of this sum went to provide treatment. Nearly all the funds were used to feed and clothe prisoners and to keep them under control.

Since the 1ate 1970s, however, there has been a trend toward punishment rather than rehabilitation of offenders. Prison sentences are longer. Capital punishments have been used more frequently since the U.S. Supreme Court lifted a death penalty ban in 1976. Nevertheless, crime prevention should aim to prevent people from becoming criminals in the first place. Such a goal probably would benefit from reform programs in urban slums. These programs would include improved housing, schools, and recreation programs and increased job opportunities.

There are many other ways to reduce crime. People can be educated or persuaded to take greater precautions against crime. They can be taught, for example, how to protect their homes from burglary. Automobile thefts would drop sharply if drivers removed their keys and locked their cars when leaving them. Better lighting helps discourage purse-snatching and other robberies on city streets and in parks. Many experts believe that strict gun-licensing laws would greatly reduce crime.

- 41. The belief that people tend to behave in forbidden ways
- A. leads to the formulation of the criminal law
- B. makes people value order above all else
- C. convinces people that crimes should be eliminated from the society
- D. is a false one that should not be taken seriously
- 42. In the second paragraph the author implies \_
- A. the U.S. prison system is not working effectively enough to reform criminals
- B. the best way to reduce crime rate is to rehabilitate habitual criminals
- C. reforming criminals in prison will turn them away from wrongdoing
- D. crimes would decrease if people's desire could be healthily channeled
- 43. The author speculates that rehabilitation can be made more effective if \_\_\_\_\_
- A. reform is directed to the criminals' emotional problems
- B. rehabilitation is aimed at changing the economic and social environment
- C. rehabilitation is facilitated by physicians, psychiatrists or psychologists
- D. crimes are dealt with in the ways that suit each kind
- 44. According to the author, punishment is a better means than rehabilitation in reducing crime rate

A. so it should be used in place of rehabilitation

B. so stricter sentences are absolutely necessary

C. yet it does not work well in many cases

D. but preventing crime is even more effective

45. The author concludes the passage by pointing out that \_\_\_\_\_

- A. the present gun-licensing laws are held responsible for most of the crimes
- B. educational failure accounts for most of the present offenses
- C. more help should be provided for released criminals
- D. the long-term reduction of crime rate depends on multiple improvements

### B

The Norwegian Government is doing its best to keep the oil industry under control. A new law limits exploration to an area south of the southern end of the long coastline; production limits have been laid down (though these have already been raised); and oil companies have not been allowed to employ more than a limited number of foreign workers. But the oil industry has a way of getting over such problems, and few people believe that the Government will be able to hold things back for long. As on Norwegian politician said last week, "We will soon be changed beyond all recognition."

Ever since the war, the Government has been carrying out a programme of development in the area north of the Arctic Circle. During the past few years this programme has had a great deal of success: Tromso has been built up into a local capital with a university, a large hospital and a healthy industry. But the oil industry has already started to draw people sonth, and within a few years the whole northern policy could be in ruins.

The effects of the oil industry would not be limited to the north, however. With nearly 100 percent employment, everyone can see a situation developing in which the service industries and the tourist industry will lose more of their workers to the oil industry. Some smaller industries might even disappear altogether when it becomes cheaper to buy goods from abroad.

The real argument over oil is its threat to the Norwegian way of life. Farmers and fishermen do not make up most of the population, but they are an important part of it, because Norwegians see in them many of the qualities that they regard with pride as essentially Norwegian. And it is the farmers and the fishermen who are most critical of the oil industry because of the damage that it might cause to the countryside and to the sea.

46. The Norwegian Government would prefer the oil industry to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. provide more jobs for toreign workers. B. slow down the rate of its development.
- C. sell the oil it is producing abroad. D. develop more quickly than at present.

47. The Norwegian Government has tried to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. encourage the oil companies to discover new oil sources.
- B. prevent oil companies employing people from northern Norway.
- C. help the oil companies solve many of their problems.
- D. keep the oil industry to something near its present size.
- 48. According to the passage, the oil industry might lead northern Norway to \_\_\_\_\_



A. the development of industry.

B. a growth in population.

C. the failure of the development programme.

D. the development of new towns.

49. In the south, one effect to the development of the oil industry might be \_\_\_\_\_

A. a large reduction on unemployment.

B. a growth in the tourist industry.

C. a reduction in the number of existing industries.

D. the development of a number of service industries.

50. Norwegian farmers and fishermen have an important influence because \_\_\_\_\_

A. they form such a large part of Norwegian ideal.

B. their lives and values represent the Norwegian ideal.

C. their work is so useful to the rest of Norwegian society.

D. they regard oil as a threat to the Norwegian way of life.

A victor is, by definition, someone who wins a struggle or contest. However, that doesn't mean he or she will live a proud and happy life ever after, as Katniss Everdeen is about to discover in *The Hunger Games: Catching Fire.* 

*Catching Fire*, out in Chinese theaters on Nov 21, is set in a futuristic society called *Panem*. Every year its government holds a televised fight to the death. Two teenagers from each of the 12 districts of *Panem* are chosen to compete.

In the new film, last year's victors Katniss (Jennifer Lawrence) and her partner Peeta are back home after winning the 74th Hunger Games, Katniss just wants to live a normal life. However, that never seems to happen. She has nightmares, which remind her that she is a killer.

Worst nightmare comes true when the annual Hunger Games arrive again. The teenager finds herself back in the competition along with Peeta. Since Katniss brings hope to *Panem* through her courage, President Snow plans to use this year's Games to kill off Katniss and Peeta and in turn <u>dampen</u> the fires of rebellion.

"This is the next step of Katniss' heroism and the next part of her journey to finding out who she is really going to be," Lawrence told Reuters.

Fast-paced and full of action, Catching Fire looks to outdo the success that the first film had in 2012. With a 97 percent rating on the movie review website Rotten Tomatoes, it is enjoying positive reviews. Critics have praised it for being faithful to the book written by American author Suzanne Collins. The Hollywood Reporter said that Catching Fire outshines the first movie a lot.

Jennifer Lawrence, who won a best actress Oscar this year for her 2012 movie Silver Linings Playbook, has helped Catching Fire find success, Forbes pointed out. The 23-year-old actress does well

in playing a young lady who hates what she was forced to do to stay alive yet is determined not to give up.

"Lawrence's down-to-earth personality in real life won the hearts of the public. So given a wildly popular first film that blew everyone away, a rising fan base and a lead performer beloved by the mainstream press and viewers, the sequel (续集) was always going to be big." Forbes noted.

- 51. The underlined word "dampen" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_
- A. hold B. light
- C. reduce D. support
- 52. Which of the following is TRUE about the film's story according to the article?
- A. Every year 12 teenagers in total are chosen to join in the televised fight.
- B. Despite having won the 74th hunger gamers, Katniss doesn't feel much joy.
- C. Katniss and Peeta are chosen once again to make the TV show more appealing.
- D. Jennifer Lawrence won a best actress Oscar this year for the first hunger Games movie.
- 53. What are some reasons why Catching Fire will probably be successful?
- a. The previous film was successful.
- b. It is true to the original book's story
- c. Most of the reviews of the movie are positive
- d. It has many famous stars in addition to Jennifer Lawre
- A. abc
- C. acd

B. abd D. bcd

- 54. After reading the passage, we can infer that \_\_\_\_
- A. President Snow thinks highly of Katniss and Peeta's victory
- B. Katniss decides to fight in the 75th hunger games because she loves it
- C. Critics hold a negative attitude to the first movie of hunger game
- D. The personality of the leading actress contributes to the success of catching fire

**D** 根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并将所选答案的字母填入 对应的空格内。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Do you know Australia? Australia is the largest island in the world. It is a little smaller than China. It is in the south of the earth. \_\_\_\_55\_\_\_ The population of Australia is nearly as large as that of Shanghai. The cities in Australia have got little air or water pollution. \_\_\_\_56\_\_\_ You can clearly see fish swimming in the rivers. Plants grow very well.

Last month we visited Perth, the biggest city in Western Australia, and went to a wild flowers' exhibition. There we saw a large number of wild flowers we had never seen before. We had a wonderful time. \_\_\_\_57\_\_\_ In spring every year Perth has the wild flowers' exhibition.

After visiting Perth, we spent the day in the countryside. We sat down and had a rest near a path at

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the foot of a hill. \_\_\_\_58\_\_\_\_Suddenly we heard bells ringing at the top of the hill. What we saw made us pick up all our things and run back to the car as quickly as we could. There were about three hundred sheep coming towards us down the path. \_\_\_\_59\_\_\_\_After a short drive from any town, you will find yourself in the middle of white sheep. Sheep, sheep, everywhere are sheep.

A. The people of Australia are very hard-working.

B. Australia is the sixth largest country in the world.

C. Australia is famous for its sheep and kangaroos.

D. Australia is big, but its population is not large.

E. Perth is famous for its beautiful wild flowers.

F. The sky is blue and the water is clean.

G. It was quiet and we enjoyed ourselves.



一、填空题(本大题分为两个部分: 短文填空和课程与教学论知识填空)

# (一)短文填空

阅读下面短文,根据语境,用恰当词的适当形式填空,并将答案完整地写在答题卡上。

The hostess was to have a party and entertain guests at home. She busied herself so early in the morning,  $\__60\__$  (clean) the house. She was so tired  $\__61\__$  she felt pain in her waist and on the back. Drops of sweat fell from her forehead. She did not finish cleaning the house until dusk.

Looking at the clean and tidy drawing room, she released a sigh \_\_\_62\_\_\_ a smile on her face. The guests were coming! Entering the drawing room, they \_\_\_63\_\_\_ (attract) by the fresh flowers. Surprisingly pleased, they cheered in praise, "Oh, \_\_\_64\_\_\_ beautiful flowers!"

"How colorful and fragrant!"

"Just a look at it, and life is full of \_\_\_65\_\_\_ (excite)!"

Then they went on to express their thanks to the hostess for her <u>66</u> (delicate) arranged flowers.

With an \_\_\_\_\_67\_\_\_ (embarrass) smile, the hostess said, "I am glad you like it. Thank you for your praise. I was a bit surprised about it. I did make detailed arrangement for your honor. I was busy the whole day cleaning and mopping. As to the flowers in the vase, it is a piece of cake. I did it by just lifting my hand. Now you are \_\_\_\_\_68\_\_\_\_ (aware) of my hard work and praise \_\_\_\_\_69\_\_\_\_ highly for my easiest effort. It is beyond my expectation."

# (二)课程与教学论知识填空

根据以下内容,在每个空格内填入所缺部分,并将答案完整地写在答题卡上。 70.教师要在充分了解学生\_\_\_\_\_和不同需求的基础上,在教学方法、教学内容以及教学评 价等方面做到灵活多样,力求使每个学生都有所收益。

**71.** 在义务教育阶段,从3年级开设英语课程的学校,4年级应完成\_\_\_\_;课时安排应尽量体现短时高频的原则。

72. \_\_\_\_\_ 是培养学生实际语言运用能力的关键环节,评价是及时监控教学过程和教学效果的重要手段,教师要正确处理二者之间的关系。

74. 英语学习活动是英语课堂教学的基本组织形式,是落实\_\_\_\_的主要途径。实施好英语 课程需要有机整合课程内容,精心设计学习活动,以实现目标、内容和方法的融合统一。

### 二、短文改错题

本题要求改正所给短文中的错误。请对标有题号的每一行做出判断:如无错误,在该行右边 横向上打一个勾(√);如有错误(每行只有一个错误),在错的词下面划一横线,在该行右边横 线上写出改正后的词;如此行缺一个词,在缺词处加上一个漏字符号(^),在该行右边横线上写 出该加的词;如果此行多一个词,把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉,在该行右边横线上写出该词, 并也用斜线划掉。

Yesterday, I stepped into a shop to have my watch repair.	75
After the shop assistant checked the watch, she said she had to contact with	76
her manager to see if this kind of problem could be fixed. As I was waiting the	77
response from the manager, I saw a old man in a wheelchair roll himself over	78
to the counter. No one seemed to have noticed him, so I got up, went over to	
his wheelchair and ask whether I could give him some helps. 79	80
Kindly as I was, I found that I could	81
do something to help him. At that moment, the assistant replied	82
that it would cost little money to fix this problem. I was very sad and about to leave	83
the shop when the old man said, "You are a nice and thoughtful boy, but	84
I would like to help you pay for it."	

### 三、翻译题

把下面短文翻译成汉语,并将译文完整地写在答题卡上。

85. 5G is expected to form the backbone of emerging technologies such as the Internet of Things and machine-to-machine communications, thereby supporting a much larger range of applications and



services, including driverless vehicles, tele-surgery and real time data analytics.

86. 近年来,随着全球环境问题的日益突出,国际社会在加强国际环境治理方面进行了努力,并取得一些进展。

## 四、书面表达



87. 最近学校举行了关于高中新生军训是否有必要的辩论,大家莫衷一是,你对此持何观 点,请根据下面题目写一篇英语短文,字数 120 左右,题目已给。

### Is Military Training Necessary for Freshmen?



# 五、案例分析

88. 根据题目要求,完成下列任务,用中文作答。

在学习 An old man tried to move the mountains 一课时,教师在授课之前和学生进行了如下的

对话:

T: Boys and girls, look at the PPT here, who can tell me what's this?

(Showing them the picture of Monkey King)

S: The Monkey King!

T: Yes, right, who can tell me something about him?

S: .....

T: OK, good, today we are going to learn something about these kind of person, let's turn to page...

(1) 这是课堂教学的哪一个环节? 请评价一下该教师这一环节的设计。

(2) 请简述这一环节的作用。

# 六、教学设计

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89. 根据人民教育出版社《义务教育教科书(英语)》八年级下册 Unit 7 What's the highest mountain in the world? Section A 3a-3c 部分,按要求进行相应的教学设计。

Par

Pa

Read the article and match each paragraph with the main ideas.

Qomolangma — the Most Dangerous Mountain in the World?

ragraph 1	Spirit of climbers
ragraph 2	Achievements of climbers
ragraph 3	Facts and dangers
and the second se	the second

One of the world's most dangerous sports is mountain climbing, and one of the most popular places for this is the Himalayas. The Himalayas run along the southwestern part of China. Of all the mountains, Qomolangma rises the highest and is the most famous. It is 8,844.43 meters high and so is very dangerous to climb. Thick clouds cover the top and snow can fall very hard. Even more serious difficulties include freezing weather conditions and heavy storms. It is also very hard to take in air as you get near the top.



The first people to reach the top were Tenzing Norgay and Edmund Hillary on May 29, 1953. The first Chinese team did so in 1960, while the first woman to succeed was Junko Tabei from Japan in 1975.

Why do so many climbers risk their lives? One of the main reasons is that people want to challenge themselves in the face of difficulties. The spirit of these climbers shows us that we should never give up trying to achieve our dreams. It also shows that humans can sometimes be stronger than the forces of nature.



Paragraph 1	Paragraph 2	Paragraphs 1 & 3
List four dangers for climbers	List three achievements	List four comparisons
thick clouds	1953 - Tenzing Norgay and Edmund Hillary were the first to reach the top	most dangerous sport

Answer the questions using information from the article.

30

- 1. Where are the Himalayas?
- 2. How high is Qomolangma?
- 3. Why do so many people try to climb this mountain even though it is dangerous?
- 4. What does the spirit of the climbers tell us?



### 【问题】

- 1. 制定 3a-3c 的能力目标。
- 2. 制定 3a-3c 的教学重难点。
- 3. 设计一个 3a-3c 的课前导入活动。
- 4. 设计一个 3a-3c 的读后活动。
- 5. 设计一个 3a-3c 的家庭作业。